## Paris

## Bibliothèque nationale de France

Fr 612

Ludovico de Angulo, Livre de la figure et de l'imaige du monde Angers, 1479

A French translation of the text of Ludovico d'Angulo's Liber de figura seu imagine mundi by Jehan de Beauvau, Bishop of Angers, with a series of lively and colourful drawings accompanying Book III.

## text

ff. 1r-162r Ludovico de Angulo, Livre de la figure et de l'imaige du monde
Ainsi que le philosophe dit en son premier livre De anima avoir certainement la science et la congnoissance de toutes choses - Et touiours la force desditz accidens sera en la fin du temps dissus dit. Et ce sont les choses que Jay promises au commencement de ce livre qui fut parfait moyen la grace divine Lan de nostre seigneur mil iiii c lxxix lepenultime du moys de Mars en la cite dangiers. (colophon concerning French translation dated 30 March 1479 in the city of Angers).
ff. 162v-166v A series of cosmographical diagrams.
(fol. 162v) Le zodiaque a xii signes - (fol. 165r) du rivaige de laquelle est attaint deux fois par an le terme d'Ynde par navigacion.

## illustrations







fol. 10r Two diagrams: a circle and a circle with 2 squares superimposed.
fol. 14r Circular schema of the geocentric universe with 4 elements, the planetary orbs,
fol. 16 v Diagram of 4 people walking on the terrestrial sphere (the central sphere of the Earth has a green landscape in the centre surrounded by blue air).
fol. $17 r \quad$ An unfinished circular diagram.
fol. 21v A circle divided into 4 parts.
fol. 22r Two diagrams: a T-O map and a map divided into 4 segments with the 4 directions (mydy at the top)
fol. $85 \mathrm{v} \quad$ An army of knights accompanied by three musicians blowing long trumpets.
fol. 86r An enthroned king holding a sceptre and flanked by two knights in armour. At his feet there are three addition knights addressing a queen in sumptuous red and gold robes, who is followed by a page.
ff. 102-111r Illustrations of 35 constellation groupings in ink with coloured washes. There are no stars marked and several of the figures are set within landscape settings.
fol. 102r DRACO INTER ARCTOS with the green Draco shaped like an ' S ' and placed horizontally on the page. He has a dragon's head, pointed teeth and small round
ears, with a red mouth and red eyes. The grey-brown Bears are placed back-to back, facing in opposite directions and both facing into the curves of Draco. URSA MAIOR and URSA MINOR are in their correct positions, with the smaller Bear near the head of Draco. Ursa Minor is in the first curve and has his head lowered and his right front foot advanced. Ursa Maior is in the second curve with his right front foot advanced.

HERCULES is depicted as a standing nude male figure, standing to the right in a grassy green landscape. The green snake in its green tree is at the left and its head comes out of the branches towards Hercules. Hercules holds the hair of a kneeling, praying man in his extended right hand. He holds a straight sword raised in his left hand, which he points to his victim's ear.
fol. 102v CORONA BOREALIS is depicted as a golden crown with rosette decorations along the top and some jewels in the band.

OPHIUCHUS is nude and stands on a grassy hillock, facing the viewer. He holds his hands out to either side, with his arms slightly bent at the elbows. The green SERPENS is wound about him in a series of loops: rising over his right forearm, then behind his back' around his hips, then in front of his left forearm, before making a loop and ending at the right side. Its head is to the left side and he looks at the man, with his red tongue sticking out. Ophiuchus stands on a greenbrown SCORPIO, which is shaped like a fat lizard. Scorpio faces to the left and has two long tusk-like antennae coming from its nose. He has 5 muscular legs with cloven hooves on each side and a long tapering tail.
fol. 103r BOOTES is a farmer standing calf-deep in blue water facing to the left, where there is a green hillock. A yellow boat floats in the water behind him, with its bow attached to him by a rope that crosses his chest. In front of him, there is a semi-circular construction that looks like a bucket chair. He wears a loose red short tunic, belted at the waist and a grey farmer's hat. He holds a grey sickle raised in his right hand at which he looks. He holds a yellow spade in his left hand and there is a rectangular hole at his feet.

> AURIGA is a man sitting in a two-wheeled yellow wooden cart that is being pulled to the right by one pink and one grey horse and two grey oxen through a hilly green landscape. He wears a short, close-fitting pink tunic and holds a yellow
stick in his right hand and the reins in his left hand. He has two white rabbits on his left forearm.
fol. 103v
fol. 104 r
fol. 104v PERSEUS stands facing the viewer and is dressed in blue armour, but without a helmet and faces slightly to the left, while the upper part of his body leans back to the right. He holds a straight grey sword above his head in his right hand and has a curved pink and yellow shield hung on a strap so that it covers the upper part of his left arm. He holds the Medusa's head by its hair in his lowered left hand.

TRIANGULUM is an oblique golden triangle with a slightly longer base.
fol. $105 r \quad$ The PLEIADES are depicted as a red cockerel walking to the left.

LYRA is a yellow psaltery, with 7 strings and lying on its side.
fol. 105 v CYGNUS is a swan walking to the left.

AQUILA is a plump, brown-grey eagle flying to the left.
fol. 106r AQUILA (Vulter cadens) is a stooping brown-grey eagle seen from the back with his wings outstretched, with SAGITTA in its claws. The Arrow has a yellow shaft and blue tip and feathers. The head of the arrow points downward.

CETUS is a large blue fish with a pink tail, swimming to the left with 3 bifurcated ventral fins and 3 plain dorsal fins.
fol. 106v ERIDANUS is a nude male lying on his back in the water. He holds a yellow 'pigsnout' psaltery in front of his chest with his left hand and his right hand rest in front of his genitals.

ERIDANUS (ymage sonante [___] canon ou psalterion) is depicted as a finelydressed troubadour seated on a square cart and holding a psaltery in front of his chest. He wears a pink tunic and a blue hat.
fol. 107r DELPHINUS is a fierce blue-grey fish swimming to the left, with a pointed snout and teeth. It has red eyes, red mouth and a red arrow- shaped tongue He has scalloped fins along his top and bottom sides and a scalloped tail, with waddles at his chin and behind his gills.

ORION is dressed in full blue-grey armour and stands to the left while bent in a curve to the right. He raises both his hand to shoulder height (his right shoulder) and holding a long sword in both (looking as if he is about to make a golf swing). He has a shaped yellow shield on his back.
fol. 107v CANIS MAIOR lies to the left, with his right front leg tucked under him.

LEPUS is grey-brown and lies to the right with extremely long whiskers rising from his face.
fol. 108r NAVIS is a full yellow ship sailing to the right with fore- and stern-castles and a central mast with a crow's nest and rigging.

> AUSTRONOTUS (Austronatus) stands to the right and has a female top half, with her back half shaped like grey cow. The two halves are joined by a frilly blue band. She has long flowing blonde hair and holds her hands out to the sides with her elbows bent. She has a sleek tail with a twist in it.
fol. 108v GALAXIA is depicted as two angels flying away from each other with their wings held high above their heads. The one on the right holds a small yellow ring in its hands in front of it. The one on the left has a book under its left arm and holds its right hand up to its cheek in a melancholic gesture. Both angels are dressed in blue robes with green, pink and lavender wings.
fol. 109r PISCIS AUSTRINUS are two equal-sized fish that swim belly-to-belly with both their heads to the left. Their bodies are blue with green highlights.

ARA (puteus) is depicted as a cylindrical, grey vase filled with grey calla lilies and red flames coming from the top. There is a winged angel to each side, holding the sides of the vase. The angels have pink robes and blue, yellow and orange wings.
fol. 109v CENTAURUS is depicted as a centaur trotting to the left. His human half is dressed is a tight-fitting blue top. He holds a large arrow-like spear with green feathers in his left hand with the tip pointing downwards and there seems to be something like a blue censer hanging from its feathered end. He holds his right hand out in front of him, with a grey LUPUS (dog? rat?) lying on its back with its feet in the air. Centaurus also has a long red sword strapped to this waist.
fol. 110r HYDRA, CORVUS and CRATER are depicted as a single group. Hydra is a green two-legged dragon, facing to the right. He has a long serpentine body with a large twist in the tail. Crater is a grey, two-handled urn with a cover and it has blue water streaming from its body in 3 jets Corvus is brown hovers above the twist in Hydra's tail facing towards the front.

CANIS MINOR (Inticanis) is a small hound-like dog waking to the left with its right front leg raised.
fol. 110v EQUUS SECUNDUS is a full, winged white horse, walking to the left, with its right front leg raised. Its wings are blue, orange and yellow.

TARABELLUM is a blue and yellow fleur-de-lis with red highlights.
fol. $111 r$ VEXILLUM is a flag with both ends of the shaft pointed. The flag is red and yellow striped and has two streamers.
ff. 112r-122v Illustrations of the 12 zodiacal signs and 36 decans (ymage du ciel).
fol. 112r ARIES is white and lies to the left, with it right front leg tucked under its body and its left front leg extended.
fol. 112v First decan Aries: A dark-skinned man in armour walking to the left, holding a blue sword raised in his right hand and with a yellow scabbard at his waist. He has a red hat on his head.

Second decan Aries: A well-dressed woman in a dark pink gown and white mantle. She stands to the left, combing her long blonde hair with her left hand and holding a circular mirror in her right hand.
fol. 113r Third decan Aries: A smithy, wearing a red tunic with brown leggings and holding a hammer and grill in his right hand and a stick in his left, with a square forge behind him.

TAURUS is a full bull lying to the right with his tail curled between his hind legs.
fol. 113 v
First decan Taurus: composed of three figures-1) a man walking to the right in a short pink tunic with a green sash, the top and skirt of which are open and he points to himself with his right hand and puts his left hand over his chest; 2) a human figure with a horse's head in a yellow tunic standing to the left; 3) a woman in a blue gown standing to the left with a small child in a pink dress standing in front of her.

Second decan Taurus: A man in a red robe, facing to the left, in a boat holding a large key.

Third decan Taurus: composed of two figures: 1) a figure that has a human upper half, wearing a pink tunic, and an animal lower half (note paws), walking to the right and 2) a figure in a blue robe standing to the left, holding a large green snake in his hands.


#### Abstract

fol. 114r GEMINI are Siamese twins co-joined at the waist, with two upper torsos and


 multiple legs covered by the long skirt of their pink and yellow robes.First decan Gemini: [the image is missing but text is there, suggesting that the three decans have been conflated in the two pictures of fol. 114v]
fol. 114v First/ Second decan Gemini: composed of two figures: 1) a young troubadour in a pink doublet with blue and yellow hose and a blue hat, walking to the left and playing on a recorder and 2 ) a man in armour, holding a bow in his right hand and a bell and a hammer in his left.

Second/ Third decan Gemini: composed of two figures: 1) a young man in a green and yellow tunic with pink and blue stockings and a pink hat standing to the right, blowing a recorder, which he holds with his left hand, and banging a drum, strapped to his waist, with his right; and 2) a man in armour walking to the left with a large bow in his left hand and three downward-pointing arrows in his left. Here has a pink shield standing on the ground in front of him .
fol. 115r CANCER is a round-bodied brown crab facing to the right with 2 large claws and 6 legs.

First decan Cancer: composed of two figures: 1) a woman in a light blue gown standing to the right with long blonde hair, holding a yellow palm in her right hand and holding a wreath in front of her in her left hand, and 2 ) a centaur, who walks to the right. His human half is dressed in a pink and yellow tunic. He looks back over his shoulder at the maiden. There are trees and flowering boughs surrounding the two figures.
fol. 115v Second decan Cancer: composed of two figures: 1) a woman in a pink and blue gown with long blonde hair, standing to the right with a palm in her right hand and 2 ) a similar woman standing to the left with a stick in her right hand and holding the edge of her blue dress with her let hand. She has a pink mantle with yellow reverses in the lower half and wears a crown.

Third decan Cancer: composed of two figures: 1) a female in a long pink robe, standing to the left with long blonde hair, holding a sceptre in he left hand and 2) a female (?) figure standing to the right, but looking to the left, holding a
snake in her hands She is dressed in a red cuirass, worn over a yellow dress with grey cuffs and has a diadem yellow on her forehead.
fol. $116 r$
fol. 116 v Second decan Leo: composed of two figures: 1) a nude golden male figure reaching for the sky with both hands and 2) a crowned king in pink robes walking to the left with his right arm covered by a white cloak and with yellow crown on his head and with a very large nose.

Third decan Leo: a well-dressed youth green tunic, with a blue and green hat that has two yellow and red ribbons flowing out behind it. He has pink tights. He rushes to the left and holds a ball or apple outstretched in front of him in his right hand. He holds an urn in his left hand and has a piece of meat in his mouth.
fol. $117 \mathrm{r} \quad$ VIRGO is a female standing to the left, wearing a blue gown with a pink mantle and a yellow reverse. She has long blonde hair and holding a palm in her right hand.

First decan Virgo: composed of two figures: 1) a mother wearing a pink dress with a blue mantle, seated in front of a building in an elaborate throne breastfeeding her child, with a large star above her shoulder (Virgin and Child) and 2) a man kneeling to the right praying. He wears a red robe with yellow trim and a blue hat.
fol. 117v Second decan Virgo: a man walking to the right holding both his hands in front of him and holding what appears to be a tube of white paper in his upper hand and an urn in his lower hand, with a wooden box hanging from that wrist. He also has a dead fox hanging from his right hip.

Third decan Virgo: A woman walking to the right in a pink dress with a blue mantle, with a rosary in her right hand and with a wimple over her hair, approaching a with a pink church with yellow steps and a blue roof.


#### Abstract

fol. $118 \mathrm{r} \quad$ LIBRA is a female figure standing to the left in a pink gown with long blonde hair and holding the Scales in front of her with her right hand. The Scales have yellow pans.


First decan Libra: composed of two figures: 1) a young male dressed in pink deacon's robes, holding the Scales in his left hand and holding a small lamb in the crook of his right elbow and 2) a youthful male seated on a horse facing to the right, playing on a flute. The youth is dressed in a yellow doublet with pink hose and a pink hat.
fol. 118 v Second decan Libra: composed of three groups of figures: 1) a sick person lying in bed with a blue blanket with his head bandaged being approached by two musicians, one of which lays a harp on his bed and the second one plays the flute. The closer musician is dressed in a pink robe and the other one in a green doublet with pink hose; and 2) an brown eagle-headed and winged nude male figure standing with his arms slightly lifted to the sides; and 3) A woman in a yellow gown, with her head covered with a pink cloth, standing to the right beckoning to her child, who is dressed in pink.

Third decan Libra: composed of three groups of figures: 1) a nude man walking away from the viewer to the right with his left arm raised and his right hand clasped to the top of his head in a gesture of despair; 2) a woman in a pink dress with her head covered embracing a man (?) dressed in yellow with a yellow crown floating above their heads; and 3) a horse-headed human in a pink top and blue leggings shooting an arrow at a stag that flees to the right.
fol. 119r SCORPIO is a brown tadpole-shaped creature with two small front arms (like antennae) and 6 jointed arms and a tapered tail to the left.

First decan Scorpio: composed of two figures: 1) a woman in a pink gown with a blue wimple standing to the right, holding a woven basket over her right wrist and resting her left hand on an urn placed in front of her; and 2) a nude male with an arrow-shaped javelin throwing it to the right.
fol. 119 v Second decan Scorpio: composed of two figures: 1) a nude male walking to the right with his right hand raised and his left hand extended; and 2) a nude female figure walking to the right and holding a pink sack.

Third decan Scorpio: composed of two figures: 1) a man in a short pink robe with blue and brown hose kneeling to the right holding a green snake in each hand; and 2 ) a dog chasing two stags to the right.

SAGITTARIUS is a centaur standing to the right, holding a bow in his right hand, and pulling the string with his left. His human half wears a green shirt, and the frilly band separating the two halves is red.
fol. 120r
fol. 120 v
fol. 121r

Second decan Capricorn: composed of two figures: 1) a woman in a pink gown seated on a low-backed throne, with her head covered, facing to the right and 2) a woman in a grey dress with her head covered standing to the left and gesturing with her left hand to a tree that stands between the two women.

Third decan Capricorn: A young woman in a pink gown with long blonde hair with a staff and spindle in her hands.

AQUARIUS is young man in a long, loose, pink coat, standing in blue water and pouring out water from yellow urns held in both hands.


#### Abstract

fol. 121v First decan Aquarius: a young nude male wearing a long open red and green striped cape, with his right hand raised. He stands in the middle of 4 circular vats.


Second decan Aquarius: A horse-headed human in a short, pink hunter's tunic with a blue shawl and blue leggings, holding a bow in his right hand and a downward-pointing arrow in his left. Behind him to the right, there are baskets of food.

Third decan Aquarius: a horse-headed human, in a pink tunic with tan tights, standing to the right facing a tree. He holds something that looks like and animal across his shoulders.
fol. 122r PISCES are blue-grey and facing in opposite directions, both back upwards.

First decan Pisces: a fashionable young man in pink robes with tan tights walks to the right, holding iron tongs in his left hand. He points to three blue fish lying at his feet. In front of him there is a small smokehouse with red flames evident.
fol. 122v Second decan Pisces: composed of three figures: 1) a young woman in a pink dress with long hair standing to the right; 2) a nude woman with long blonde hair swimming the breast stroke in a blue river; and 3) a male and female pair of peasants (he in blue and she in pink) standing to the left, the female raises her hand in salutations.

Third decan Pisces: A group of figures standing around a fire. On the left a man in a pink tunic with tan tights is warming his hands; on the right, a centaur in a pink top with a green frilly band where his haves meet seated, who wears a white band around his head and holds his arms open. Behind him, there is a figure in a grey tunic holding a bell, standing to the left.
ff. 148r-149v Illustrations of comets
fol. 158v Diagram of a lunar eclipse
fol. 159v Diagram of a solar eclipse
fol. 163r Diagram of celestial circles and the ecliptic
fol. 163v Diagram of zeniths and horizons

| fol. 164 r | Diagram of the four sublunar elements |
| :--- | :--- |
| fol. 164 v | Diagram of the zones |
| fol. 165 r | Diagram of the length of the days/hours |
| fol. 165 v | an incomplete diagram |
| fol. 166 r | Diagram of the 12 winds |
| fol. 166 v | an incomplete diagram |

## notes

$324 \times 217$ mm, vi + 168 + ii, parchment; French Bastarda formata cursiva in one hand; fol. 1r: 7line ornamented initial with the coat of arms of the French kings (three gold fleur-de-lis on blue). The translation is dedicated to Louis XI de France.

For a discussion of the variants between the Paris ms and the other Ludovico de Angulo mss, see BLUME/HAFFNER/METZGER 2016, II, 2, pp. 940-41. They also note that the illuminator of this ms tends to follow the textual descriptions quite closely, including a number of details that the illuminators of the other manuscripts do not.

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HUSTACHE 1980a, p. 98
BAUER 1983, p. 116 note 111
LIPPINCOTT (Pegasus Cat/ Hamburg) 1993, p. 45, note 20
GARCIA AVILES 1995a, p. 43
WARBURG 1998, p. 630ff., Fig. 171 (fol. 117v Det.), 176 (fol. 118v).
LIPPINCOTT 2006, ‘Between text and image’, p. 21, fig. 24.

BLUME /HAFFNER /METZGER 2016, II, 2, pp. 131-34; 939-944 and figs. 1229-1239.

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