## Oxford

## Bodleian Library

Bodley 646

Basinio da Parma, Astronomicon

Italian, probably Padua
c. 1459-61
text

| ff. 1v-33r | Basinio da Parma, Astronomicon |
| :---: | :---: |
| fol. i r | (inserted purple leaf) blank |
| fol. i v | (inserted purple leaf; gold first letter, then silver) |
|  | ACCIPE : ET HAEC MANUUM/ TIBI QUE MONUMENTA MEARUM (gold first letter, then silver) |
|  | SINT PRECOR: ET LONGUM/ SERVI TESTENTUR AMOREM/ ANG (leaf motif) AQUIL. |
| fol. 1 r | (in gold) BASINII (leaf motif) |
|  | PARMEN/ SIS. ASTR/ ONOMI/CON. LI/BER. I. |

[^0](first letter pink, then sepia)
QUINQue vagas etiam nec non pulcherrima mundi -
Templa cano atque vias semper volventis olympi.
FINIS.

## illustrations


fol. i v

fol. 7v

fol. 6r

fol. $8 r$

fol. 6v

fol. 8 v

fol. $7 r$

fol. $9 r$

fol. 9 v

fol. 11v

fol. 13 v

fol. 15v

fol. 10r

fol. $12 r$

fol. $14 r$

fol. 16r

fol. 10v

fol. 12v

fol. $14 v$

fol. 16v

fol. 11r

fol. 13r

fol. $15 r$

fol. $17 r$

fol. iv The frontispiece is a purple-dyed leaf with an inscription indicating that the text was written by Ang[elo] Aquil[ano] = DEDICATIO: Accipe et haec manuum tibique monumentam ear. Sint precor et longum servit testtur amorem. Ang. Aquil.
fol. $1 \mathrm{r} \quad$ The title-page has two blonde putti standing on either side of a large cartouche with the inscription describe above. There is a green date palm behind and a large magenta urn on either side, whose mouths are joined by a single, arching wreath. Below there is a marble sarcophagus with a coat of arms set within a central roundel. A blue griffin crest to the left, with quartered field: 1 and $3=$ silver with red $X ; 2$ and $3=$ a red lion rampant on a yellow ground. These are the arms of John Tiptoft, Earl of Worcester
fol. 3 v Diagram with the orbs of the planets (with POLUS and BOOTES on the left)
fol. $4 v$
Diagram of the climes
ff. 6 r -21r colour-washed pen drawings of illustrations of the 36 illustrations of the constellation groupings with stars marked by golden stars and several of the constellations labelled in pink. The figures are labelled in Latin.
fol. $6 r$
fol. $6 v$
fol. $7 r \quad$ HERCULES (labelled: HERCULES) stands facing the viewer and is nude with a yellow lion's skin (4 paws, tail and face visible) over his right shoulder, with its head held in his left hand. The hero has grey hair and beard and holds a white fan raised in his right hand so that it runs behind his head. He has 1 star on his head, 2 on the chest, 1 on each shoulder, 1 on the left hip, 1 on each thigh, 2 on the right knee, 1 on the left foot and 4 in the lion's skin, or 15 stars in all.
fol. $7 \mathrm{v} \quad$ LYRA (labelled: LYRA) is a stepped zither-like instrument, outlined in pink, with 3 sets of 4 green strings and a green monster with a pink tongue peeking out from the right side. It has 8 stars.
fol. $8 \mathrm{r} \quad$ CYGNUS (labelled: CYGNUS) is a swan that faces to the left with its wings outstretched. It is blue with a pink beak and feet. It has 1 star in the head, 2 in the neck, 5 in each wing and 1 on the tail, or 14 stars in all.
fol. $8 \mathrm{v} \quad$ CEPHEUS (labelled: CEPHEUS S.P. = soccer Persi (?)) is facing towards the viewer and walks to the left with his head in profile. He wears a blue conical hat, and is dressed in a short, fitted pink garment with a dropped waist and long bits of drape falling from the
elbow. He has 2 stars in the head, 1 in each hand, 3 at the waist, 2 on the left knee and 1 on each foot, or 11 stars in all.
fol. 10r PERSEUS (labelled: PERSEUS) faces away from the viewer and is dressed in blue
fol. $10 \mathrm{v} \quad$ AURIGA (labelled: ERICHTHONIUS) faces the viewer and wears a pink tunic with a hem
fol. $11 \mathrm{r} \quad$ OPHIUCHUS (labelled: TRIPTOLOMUS) is nude and stands frontally, facing the viewer. He
fol. $9 r$
fol. 9 v
fol. 11v

CASSIOPEIA (labelled: CASIOPES CONIUNX REGIA PERSEI) is seated in a high-backed, yellow throne with her arms held out to the side in a 'W' shape. He wears a red crown and a grey dress with tight red sleeves and red at the neck with a green mantle. She has 1 star on the head, 4 in the chair, 1 on each shoulder, 1 on the right breast, 1 on the belly, 1 on the lap, 1 on the left knee and 1 on the left foot, or 12 stars in all.


#### Abstract

ANDROMEDA (labelled: ANDROMEDA. F. CEPHEI. UXOR PERSEI) kneels to the left and is nude except for a blue robe that is draped over her left arm, which she raises behind her, and she holds the drape in front of her genitalia with her right hand. She has 1 star on her head, 1 on each shoulder, 4 in the chest, 1 on each elbow, 1 on each hand, 2 on the hip, 1 on the right knee and 2 on each foot, or 18 stars in all.


 Renaissance armour with a red hat, belt and boots. He has yellow hair. He raises a scimitar in his right hand above his head and holds the Medusa's head by its hair in his left hand. He has 1 star on his right hand, 1 on each shoulder, 2 on the left hip, 1 on each thigh, 3 on the left leg, 2 on the right leg, 1 in the left hand and 4 in the Medusa's head, or 17 stars in all. made of curling strap-like pieces of fabric. He has blonde hair and pink boots. He holds a 3-thonged flail behind his head with his raised right hand and holds two goats' heads in his raised left hand, there is also a small goat's head peering out from behind his left shoulder. He has 1 star in the head, 1 on each shoulder, 1 on each elbow, 1 on each hand and 1 on the right foot, or 8 stars in all. holds the SERPENS horizontally so that it circles once around his waist, with the Snake's head to the left, facing the man. He has yellow hair and 1 star in the head, 2 on each shoulder, 2 at the waist, 3 on the right leg, 2 on the left leg and 3 on the left arm, or 15 stars in all. The SERPENS has 5 stars in the head and 18 in the body, or 23 stars in all.SAGITTA (labelled: SAGIPTA ERCULIS) points to the right and is yellow with a grey tip. It has 4 stars.
fol. 12r AQUILA (labelled: AQUILA) faces to the right and has its wings stretched back to the left. It has 1 star in the head, 1 on each wing and 1 on the tail or 4 stars in all.
fol. 12v DELPHINUS (labelled: DELPHIN) is placed on its back, with the node to the right. It has 4 stars on the head, 2 on the body and 2 on the tail, or 8 stars in all.
fol. $14 \mathrm{r} \quad$ LEPUS (labelled: LEPUS) is grey and leaps nearly vertically to the left. It has 1 star in each ear, 2 in the chest and 1 in each front foot, or 6 stars in all.

ORION (labelled: ORION) is nude and stands slightly to the left. He rests his left hand on his left hip and holds a think bat vertically in his right hand. He has 3 stars on his head, 2 in his hair, 3 on the 'club', 1 on his right elbow, 1 on his right hand, 3 at his waist, 1 on each knee and 1 on each foot, or 17 stars in all.
fol. $14 \mathrm{v} \quad$ CANIS MINOR (labelled: PROCION) is a grey dog that leaps nearly vertically to the left. He has 3 stars.

CANIS MAIOR (labelled: CANIS) is a sleeker dog that leaps to the left. It has a pink body and a collar around its neck. It has 1 star in the head, 1 in each ear, 5 on the shoulder, 3 on the front feet, 1 on the belly, 4 on the tail and 1 on each hind foot, or 19 stars in all.
fol. $15 r \quad$ ARGO (labelled: NAVIS ARGO) is a full ship that sails to the right. It has a large main mast with a crow's nest and rigging and two steering oars. There are 4 stars in the mast, 5 in the keel, 5 below the keel and 5 in each oar, or 24 stars in all.
fol. 15 v
CENTAURUS (labelled: CENTAURUS) Is depicted as a centaur rushing to the left, with the human half apparently nude, but with long, fluttering straps coming from the waist. The
man has yellow hair and the equine parts and the bands are blue. He holds LUPUS (a grey rabbit) in his outstretched right hand and holds his left hand down by his side. He has 1 star in the right shoulder, 4 in the chest, 2 on the equine chest, 1 on each front knee, 1 on the equine body, 2 on the belly, 1 on each hind knee and 3 in the tail, or 17 stars in all. Lupus is cut off by the outer edge of the page, but has 6 stars visible.
fol. 16r ARA (labelled: ARA) is a 4-stepped pink altar, without flames, but with 4 stars.

HYDRA (labelled: HYDRA) is a green, two-legged dragon with a curl in its neck and a curl in its tail. It has a 2 -handled pink CRATER on its back with a grey CORVUS facing forward behind it. Hydra has 18 stars; Crater has 8 and Corvus has 4 stars.
fol. 16v PISCIS AUSTRINUS (labelled: PISCIS AUSTRINUS) is a large blue fish, swimming to the left with 12 stars along its back.
fol. 17r ARIES (labelled: ARIES) walks to the left, but turns it head back to face the right. Its head is 'intra triangulum'. It has 4 stars in the head, 4 on the right shoulder, 2 in the feet, 4 on the body, 1 on the belly and 4 on the tail, or 20 stars in all.

TRIANGULUM is green and pink and has no stars.
fol. 17v: TAURUS (labelled: TAURUS) is depicted as half a yellow bull, facing to the left with its front legs out in front of the body. It has 2 stars in each horn, 1 in each eye, 1 on the forehead, 7 in front of the nose, 4 on the chest, 1 on each front knee, and 1 on the right front foot, or 21 stars in all.

GEMINI (labelled: GEMINI) are depicted as two nude youths, who stand knee -to-knee with their inner shoulder overlapping. The right Twin holds his hand out to the right. The stars seem evenly distributed between them, with 1 star on each Twin's head, 4 in between their two shoulders, 1 on the left Twin right elbow and 1 on the right Twin's right hand, 1 on each of the 4 knees, and 1 on each of the 4 feet, or a combined total of 16 stars.

CANCER (labelled: CANCER) is a pink and blue, round bodied crab facing to the left with 2 big claws and 4 smaller segmented legs on either side. It has 3 stars in each claw, 6 on the bottom legs and 4 on the top legs, or 16 stars in all.
fol. 18 v
fol. 19r VIRGO (labelled: VIRGO) stands facing the viewer and is winged. She is dressed in a long blue robe with a long pink mantle and has blonde hair. She holds both her hands raised and holds flowers in her right hand. She has 1 star in her head, 1 on each wing, 1 on each shoulder, 6 on her skirt and 1 on each foot, or 13 stars in all.
fol. 19v SCORPIO (labelled: SCORPIUS) faces to the left and had 2 large claws and 6 smaller, segmented legs and a long, segmented tail. He holds the Scales in his right claw in front of his face. He has 2 stars in each claw, 3 stars on the face, 5 on the body, 5 in the segments and 2 stars on the sting, or 19 stars in all. The Scales do not have stars.
fol. 20 r SAGITTARIUS (labelled: SAGIPTARIUS) is a centaur that rushes to the left. His human half wears a green and pink top, with copious, strap-like pieces of fabric coming from the waist. He holds the bow in his right hand and pulls the string with his left. He has 2 stars in the head, 4 in the arrow, 1 in the feathers, 4 in the chest, 2 on the front legs, 1 in the back leg and 1 in the tail, or 15 stars in all.

CAPRICORN (labelled: CAPRICORNUS) faces to the left, with a long tail with a curl in it and short, pink horns. His body is blue. He has 1 star on the nose, 1 on the neck, 1 on each front foot, 3 on the chest, 7 on the tail and 2 on the tip of the tail or 16 stars in all.
fol. $20 \mathrm{v} \quad$ AQUARIUS (labelled: AQUARIUS) is nude and stands to the left, with his right hand raised and holding the handle of a pink, water-pouring urn with this left hand. The stream is green. He has 13 stars on his body, 4 on the urn and 10 in the water, or 27 stars in all.
fol. $21 r$
PISCES are two fish, swimming in opposite directions with both their backs upwards, connected at the mouths by a stream. The fish are blue, with pink mouths and gills, and the stream is green. There are 3 stars on the top fish, 9 on the cord and 3 on the bottom fish, or 15 stars in all.

## notes

The manuscript was commissions by Sir John Tiptoft, Earl of Worcester, who was in Padua from May 1458 to September 1461.

## bibliography

A. M. MAZZA, ms. Parmense 1197. Notizie intorno a Basinio, pp. 48-49;
R. J. MITCHELL, A RenaissanceLibrary: The Collection of John Tiptoft, Earl of Worcester , «The Library", s. iv, xviii 1937, pp. 67-83;

WEISS 1935-8, pp. 158-64.

MITCHELL 1938a, pp. 72-8

MITCHELL 1938b, p. 160.

PÄCHT 1948, p. 31, no. 98, plate IV.

SAXL-MEIER III 1953, 1, pp. liv and 316:

ITALIAN ILLUMINATED MANUSCRIPTS 1948, no. 48, p. iv

MITCHELL 1956, pp. 97-101.

PÄCHT 1957, pp. 184-94, esp. p. 193, pl. 9.
talks about title page w/ a monumental poster being held by quasi-architectural framework.

MEISS 1960, p. 108, n. 67.
dated ca 1460 and ascribed to Padua

CORBETT 1964, p. 52, fig 10.

McGURK IV 1966, pp. iv, xxvii, 77.

DELZ 1968, p. 313.

LA MINIATURA VENETA DEL RINASCIMENTO 1969, p. 142, no. 6 and fig. 5 (frontispiece).
done for English humanist, John Tiptoft, style co-incides with his stay in Padua 1459-61 and he received these arms then; one of the first documents showing the early Paduan style.

PÄCHT and ALEXANDER 1970, II, p. 61, no. 605.
Paduan, humanistic script written by ? Angelo Aquil(ano); inscription on purple dyed leaf, fol. 1v; dated c. 1460; provenance= arms of John Tiptoft, Earl or Worcester who was in Padua 1459-61. See the date: 1459 (fol. 61); on fol. 1 paste down of arms of T Barrett, 16th century.

MARIANI CANOVA 1994, pp. 206-207.
F. LOLLINI, Scheda 124: Basinio da Parma, Astronomicon, in Il potere, le arti, la guerra. Lo splendore dei Malatesta, catalogo della mostra a cura di A. Donati, Milano 2001, pp. 310-311. FRIOLI, 2006, p. 250 n. 25; p. 261 n. 50.

CHISENA 2015, pp. 48-50
identifies the scribe Aquilano re: a letter from Gaurino da Verona;
Notes some peculiarities in the labels of the constellations, including: CEPHEUS SP =soccer Persei (?); CASIOPES CONIUNX REGIA PERSI (the definition is taken from v. 273, but the illuminator says she was the wife of Perseus, and not of Cepheus as in reality); Auriga is ERICHTHONIUS; Ophiuchus is TRIPTOLEMUS; Sagitta as SAGITA ERCULIS; Cetus is PISTRIS DELPHIN; ERIDANUS as CETON;

BLUME/HAFFNE/METZGER 2016 II, 2, cat 95, pp. 100, 664-66 and figs. 852-55.
$188 \times 122,36 \mathrm{ff}$; parchment; humanistic cursive ; an early copy of the Astronomicon, presumably from the presentation copy made for Sigismondo; the iconography is very close to the copy made in Rimini about 1458 (Parma 1008), but it is not directly copied from it; the stocky bodies and round faces with receding chins recall the Paduan style of illumination.

The manuscript has been fully digitised: https://digital.bodleian.ox.ac.uk/objects/8ccc7b07-cb36-4845-ab03-b6ed8721a262/surfaces/e3729df0-3b2c-420e-9287-f65884bdcc91/


[^0]:    fol. 1v
    (green initial with dark blue flowers set against a magenta square, then sepia) AETHERIOS ORBIS SUBIECTAQUE TEMPLA DEORUM Musa cane: atque vias semper volventis olimpi Nexa tenet cursu semper volvenis olympi.
    (in pink)
    BASINII PARMENSIS ASTRONOMCON LIBRI PRIMI FINIS
    ff. 21v- 33 r :
    (in pink)
    BASINII PARMENSIS ASTRONOMCON SECUNDUS

